WAC 192-610-040 Can an employee backdate an application or a weekly claim for benefits? (1) Generally, paid family or medical leave benefits are payable on or after the date the employee applies for benefits. An application or weekly claim may be backdated for good cause or for the convenience of the department.

(2) For the purpose of this section:

(a)(i) "Good cause" means factors beyond the employee's control that reasonably prevented an employee from applying for benefits at the time of need for paid leave. These factors include, but are not limited to, a serious health condition, a period of incapacity, or a natural disaster.

(ii) The burden is on the employee to establish that good cause exists. The employee must provide all pertinent information and documentation which demonstrates that the factors prevented the employee from applying for benefits when the qualifying event occurred. This may include, but is not limited to, certification from a health care provider, evidence of a natural disaster, or other information required by the department. (b) "For the convenience of the department" means for the purpose of program administration or situations when accepting timely applications or weekly claims was difficult or impossible. These include, but are not limited to, equipment breakdown or lack of available staff.

(3) An employee who wants to backdate an application or weekly claim must file for benefits during the first seven<u>30</u> days after the date that the factors that constitute good cause no longer exist.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 50A.05.060 and 50A.15.020. WSR 21-18-082, § 192-610-040, filed 8/30/21, effective 9/30/21. Statutory Authority: RCW 50A.04.215. WSR 19-08-016, § 192-610-040, filed 3/22/19, effective 4/22/19.]

REPEALER

WAC 192-610-100 What is the attestation required for an employee claiming pandemic leave assistance? (1) Employees applying for pandemic leave assistance will be required to attest in a manner approved by the department that they did not meet the hours worked threshold for eligibility under RCW 50A.15.010 or 50A.30.020(1) due to reasons related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

(2) Employees must attest that they were not:

(a) Separated from employment due to misconduct; or

(b) Voluntarily separated from employment for reasons not related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

EXAMPLE 1

An employee had a part time job in 2019 resulting in 1,000 hours reported to the department for that calendar year. The employee's workplace closed in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the employee was unable to find additional work. The employee experiences a qualifying event in June, 2021, and applies in August, 2021. The department determines that the employee would not qualify under the normal qualifying period but would qualify under the pandemic leave assistance qualifying period. As a part of the application process, the employee must attest that the lack of qualifying hours for their normal qualifying period is attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic before they can be approved.

EXAMPLE 2

An employee had a part time job in the second, third, and fourth quarters of 2019 and the first quarter of 2020 resulting in 820 hours reported to the department for those four quarters. The employee's child care facility was closed in April, 2020, due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The employee had to end their employment to care for their child. The employee experiences a qualifying event in August, 2021, and applies for leave. The department determines that the employee would not qualify under the normal qualifying period but would qualify under the pandemic leave assistance qualifying period. As a part of the application process, the employee must attest that the lack of qualifying hours for their normal qualifying period is attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic before they can be approved.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 50A.05.060, 50A.25.030, 50A.05.010 and 2021 c 109 § 5. WSR 21-16-062, § 192-610-100, filed 7/29/21, effective 8/1/21.]